LATINFOCUS CONSENSUSFORECAST

Uruguay • November 2023

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Economy to rebound as drought fades

Uruguay

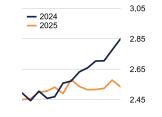
Oliver Reynolds

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LONG-TERM TRENDS | 3-year averages

| | 2020-22 | 2023-25 | 2026-28 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| GDP growth (%): | 1.3 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| Fiscal Balance (% of GDP): | -4.0 | -2.9 | - |
| Public Debt (% of GDP): | 70.2 | - | - |
| Inflation (%): | 8.9 | 5.8 | 4.9 |
| Current Account (% of GDP): | -2.3 | -2.6 | -1.7 |

Economic Growth Latin America



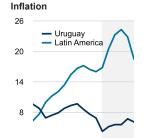
Change in GDP forecasts

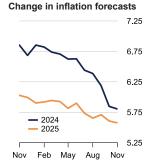
Q4 20 Q4 21 Q4 22 Q4 23 Q4 24 GDP, real annual variation in %, Q4 2020 - Q4 2024

GDP, evolution of 2024 and 2025 forecasts during the last 12 months.

Nov Feb Mav Aua Nov

2.25





Consumer Price Index (CPI) annual Inflation evolution of 2024 and 2025 average variation in %, Q4 2020 - Q4 forecasts during the last 12 months 2024

Q4 20 Q4 21 Q4 22 Q4 23 Q4 24

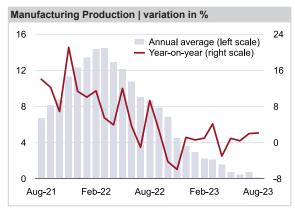
Economic overview: After a drought-induced contraction in Q2, the economy likely returned to growth in yearly and guarterly terms in Q3, thanks to rains alleviating drought conditions, the start of operations at a new cellulose plant in June, milder price pressures and rate cuts by the Central Bank. Available data is fairly positive: In July-August, economic activity was roughly stable compared to its year-ago level, an improvement on the decline observed in Q2. Moreover, in the same two months, manufacturing production accelerated relative to Q2, while wage growth outpaced inflation in Q3 as a whole. However, merchandise exports were down by 30% annually in Q3. In other news, Uruguay and the World Bank recently agreed a first-of-its-kind USD 350 million loan, which would see the interest payable vary depending on Uruguay's greenhouse gas emissions; the loan bodes well for the economy ahead.

GDP outlook: GDP growth should roughly triple in 2024 from 2023, as agricultural and hydroelectric output recover from a drought-stricken 2023 and the new cellulose plant ramps up production. Uncertain economic dynamics in Argentina and Brazil are risks in both directions, while trade tensions with Mercosur over Uruguay's desire to secure bilateral trade deals are a downside risk. FocusEconomics panelists see GDP expanding 2.8% in 2024, which is unchanged from one month ago, and expanding 2.5% in 2025.

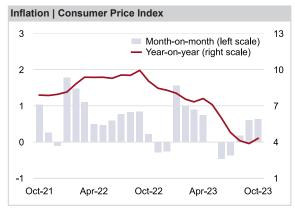
Inflation: Inflation came in at 4.3% in October, which was up from September's 3.9% but well within the Central Bank's 3.0–6.0% target range. Inflation is forecast to pick up in the coming quarters and exceed the Bank's 3.0-6.0% target range in H2 2024 due to substantial monetary easing, brisk wage growth and a weaker peso. FocusEconomics panelists see consumer prices rising 5.8% on average in 2024, which is unchanged from one month ago, and rising 5.6% on average in 2025.

Monetary policy: On 5 October, the Central Bank of Uruguay (BCU) reduced its policy rate by 50 basis points to 9.50%, following 75 basis points of cuts at the prior meeting. The Bank stated that interest rates were unlikely to fall much further from their current level, though our Consensus is still for more rate cuts by the end of this year and for monetary easing to continue in 2024. Focus Economics panelists see the monetary policy rate ending 2024 at 8.10% and ending 2025 at 7.31%.

Currency: The peso traded at UYU 39.71 per USD on 3 November, depreciating 2.8% month on month. High U.S bond yields likely drove the weakening. The peso is seen losing ground from its current level by end-2024 as rate cuts by the BCU will narrow the positive interest rate differential with the U.S. Faster-than-expected rate cuts by the BCU pose a depreciatory risk. FocusEconomics panelists see the peso ending 2024 at UYU 42.03 per USD and ending 2025 at UYU 44.01 per USD.



Note: Year-on-year changes and annual average variation of manufacturing production in %. Source: National Statistical Institute (INE)



Note: Annual and monthly variation of consumer price index in % Source: INE.

REAL SECTOR | Manufacturing activity expands at quickest pace since **March in August**

Latest reading: Manufacturing output grew 2.1% in year-on-year terms in August, which was above July's 2.0% increase. The print marked the best reading since March. Strong growth in food and beverages production drove the reading, more than offsetting double digit declines in sectors such as vehicles, clothing and oil refining.

Meanwhile, the trend pointed down, with the annual average growth of manufacturing production coming in at 0.1%, down from July's 0.7% reading.

Our Consensus: FocusEconomics panelists see manufacturing production expanding 2.3% in 2024, which is down by 0.1 percentage points from one month ago, and expanding 3.4% in 2025.

MONETARY SECTOR | Inflation increases in October

Latest reading: Inflation came in at 4.3% in October, which was up from September's 3.9% but well within the Central Bank's 3.0-6.0% target range. The reading was largely due to increasing price pressures for food and nonalcoholic beverages and housing, and a smaller fall in transport prices.

Annual average inflation fell to 6.4% in October (September: 6.8%).

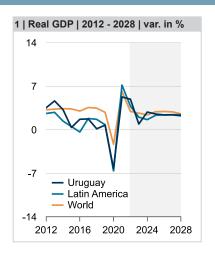
Lastly, consumer prices increased 0.63% over the previous month in October, broadly unchanged from the 0.61% increase logged in September. October's figure was the highest reading since April.

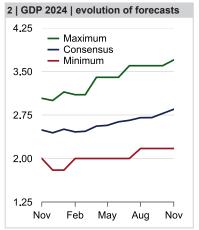
Our Consensus: Focus Economics panelists see consumer prices rising 5.8% on average in 2024, which is unchanged from one month ago, and rising 5.6% on average in 2025.

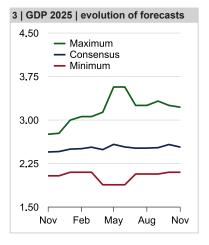
| Annual Data | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------|
| Real Sector | | | | | | | | | | |
| Population (million) | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| GDP per capita (USD) | 17,620 | 15,189 | 17,313 | 20,004 | 22,317 | 23,280 | 24,349 | 26,084 | 26,670 | 27,688 |
| GDP (USD bn) | 62.0 | 53.6 | 61.3 | 71.1 | 79.6 | 83.3 | 87.4 | 93.9 | 96.3 | 100.3 |
| GDP (UYU bn) | 2,188 | 2,255 | 2,675 | 2,930 | 3,084 | 3,362 | 3,759 | 4,154 | 4,364 | 4,629 |
| Economic Growth (Nominal GDP, ann. var. %) | 9.2 | 3.1 | 18.6 | 9.6 | 5.2 | 9.0 | 11.8 | 10.5 | 5.0 | 6.1 |
| Economic Growth (GDP, ann. var. %) | 0.7 | -6.3 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 0.9 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Private Consumption (ann. var. %) | 0.6 | -6.8 | 2.9 | 6.0 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Government Consumption (ann. var. %) | 1.9 | -7.1 | 8.4 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Fixed Investment (ann. var. %) | -2.0 | 1.2 | 16.5 | 9.5 | -1.1 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.0 | - |
| Exports (G&S, ann. var. %) | 4.6 | -16.3 | 11.7 | 11.1 | 2.4 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| Imports (G&S, ann. var. %) | 1.3 | -12.2 | 18.2 | 12.5 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.6 |
| Manufacturing Production (ann. var. %) | -1.6 | -5.2 | 12.3 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.5 | |
| Unemployment (% of active population, aop) | 8.9 | 10.4 | 9.3 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.1 |
| Fiscal Balance (% of GDP) | -3.2 | -5.2 | -3.5 | -3.2 | -3.4 | -2.8 | -2.6 | -2.5 | -2.4 | - |
| Public Debt (% of GDP) | 60.1 | 74.4 | 69.1 | 67.2 | 68.1 | 69.0 | - | = | - | - |
| Monetary and Financial Sector | | | | | | | | | | |
| Money (ann. var. of M2 %) | 5.7 | 16.8 | 16.2 | 7.2 | | - | - | | - | - |
| Inflation (CPI, ann. var. %, eop) | 8.8 | 9.4 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.7 |
| Inflation (CPI, ann. var. %, aop) | 7.9 | 9.8 | 7.7 | 9.1 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| Monetary Policy Rate (%, eop) | 9.25 | 4.50 | 5.75 | 11.25 | 8.89 | 8.10 | 7.31 | - | - | - |
| Exchange Rate (UYU per USD, eop) | 37.73 | 42.19 | 44.71 | 39.65 | 40.20 | 42.03 | 44.01 | 44.48 | 46.16 | 46.19 |
| Exchange Rate (UYU per USD, aop) | 35.28 | 42.04 | 43.60 | 41.20 | 38.74 | 40.36 | 43.02 | 44.24 | 45.32 | 46.17 |
| External Sector | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Account Balance (% of GDP) | 1.2 | -0.8 | -2.5 | -3.7 | -3.4 | -2.2 | -2.0 | -1.9 | -1.7 | -1.6 |
| Current Account Balance (USD bn) | 0.8 | -0.4 | -1.6 | -2.6 | -2.7 | -1.8 | -1.8 | -1.8 | -1.6 | -1.6 |
| Merchandise Trade Balance (USD bn) | 3.1 | 2.2 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Merchandise Exports (USD bn) | 11.9 | 10.1 | 15.8 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 17.9 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 19.6 | 20.3 |
| Merchandise Imports (USD bn) | 8.8 | 7.9 | 11.2 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 14.6 | 15.0 | 15.7 | 16.5 | 17.1 |
| Merchandise Exports (ann. var. %) | 0.7 | -14.6 | 56.3 | 7.8 | -0.4 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 0.7 | 4.1 | 3.7 |
| Merchandise Imports (ann. var. %) | -6.8 | -9.7 | 41.8 | 21.0 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 2.2 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 3.5 |
| Foreign Direct Investment (USD bn) | 2.0 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 3.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| International Reserves (USD bn) | 14.5 | 16.2 | 17.0 | 15.1 | 15.5 | 15.8 | 16.9 | 18.3 | 19.1 | - |
| International Reserves (months of imports) | 19.9 | 24.6 | 18.1 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 13.5 | 14.0 | 13.9 | - |
| External Debt (USD bn) | 45.2 | 47.1 | 48.4 | 53.3 | 57.2 | 59.8 | 61.2 | - | - | - |
| External Debt (% of GDP) | 72.9 | 87.8 | 79.0 | 74.9 | 71.8 | 71.8 | 70.0 | - | - | - |
| Quarterly Data | Q3 22 | Q4 22 | Q1 23 | Q2 23 | Q3 23 | Q4 23 | Q1 24 | Q2 24 | Q3 24 | Q4 24 |
| Economic Growth (GDP, ann. var. %) | 3.4 | -0.1 | 1.5 | -2.5 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| Economic Growth (GDP, qoq s.a. var. %) | -0.7 | -1.3 | 1.3 | -1.4 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Inflation (CPI, ann. var. %, aop) | 9.7 | 8.6 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 6.1 |
| Monetary Policy Rate (%, eop) | 10.25 | 11.25 | 11.50 | 11.25 | 10.00 | 8.88 | 8.38 | 8.12 | - | - |
| Exchange Rate (UYU per USD, eop) | 41.57 | 39.65 | 38.96 | 37.57 | 38.55 | 39.58 | 39.85 | 40.30 | 40.79 | 41.43 |
| Monthly Data | Jan 23 | Feb 23 | Mar 23 | Apr 23 | May 23 | Jun 23 | Jul 23 | Aug 23 | Sep 23 | Oct 23 |
| Manufacturing Production (ann. var. %) | 0.6 | 1.0 | 4.1 | -3.0 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 2.1 | - | - |
| Unemployment (% of active population, eop) | 8.5 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 8.3 | - |
| Inflation (CPI, mom var. %) | 1.55 | 1.00 | 0.90 | 0.75 | -0.01 | -0.46 | -0.36 | 0.17 | 0.61 | 0.63 |
| | 8.0 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.3 |
| Inflation (CPI, ann. var. %, eop) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exchange Rate (UYU per USD, eop) | 38.80 | 39.12 | 38.96 | 38.63 | 38.76 | 37.57 | 37.72 | 37.81 | 38.55 | 39.93 |
| Exchange Rate (UYU per USD, eop) Merchandise Trade Balance (USD bn) | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.2 | 39.93 - |
| Exchange Rate (UYU per USD, eop) | | | | | | | | | | 39.93 - - |

Real Sector | Gross Domestic Product and Fiscal Balance

| Economic Growth and Fiscal B | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------|------|
| | Real GDP variation in % | , 0 | Fiscal Balance % of GDP | е |
| Individual Forecasts | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 |
| Barclays Capital | 2.5 | - | -2.8 | |
| BBVA Argentina | 2.3 | 2.7 | - | |
| Capital Economics | 2.5 | 2.5 | - | |
| CINVE | 3.1 | - | - | |
| Citigroup Global Mkts | 2.7 | 2.5 | -2.4 | -2.0 |
| EIU | 3.0 | 2.4 | -3.2 | -2.9 |
| Equipos Consultores | 3.2 | 2.5 | - | |
| Euromonitor Int. | 2.8 | 2.6 | - | |
| Fitch Ratings | 2.8 | 2.4 | -2.9 | -2.6 |
| Fitch Solutions | 2.6 | 2.5 | -2.5 | -2.7 |
| FrontierView | 2.9 | 2.1 | - | |
| HSBC | 3.0 | - | - | |
| lecon - UdelaR | 3.2 | 2.5 | - | |
| Itaú Unibanco | 3.6 | - | - | |
| JPMorgan | 2.5 | - | - | |
| Julius Baer | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Moody's Analytics | 2.7 | 3.2 | - | |
| Oikos | 2.8 | 2.1 | - | |
| Oxford Economics | 2.4 | 2.5 | -3.0 | -3.0 |
| República AFAP | 3.7 | - | - | |
| Public Forecasts | | | | |
| CEPAL | 2.6 | - | = | |
| IMF | 3.3 | 2.9 | - | |
| World Bank | 3.2 | 2.6 | - | |
| Summary | | | | |
| Minimum | 2.2 | 2.1 | -3.2 | -3.0 |
| Maximum | 3.7 | 3.2 | -2.4 | -2.0 |
| Median | 2.8 | 2.5 | -2.8 | -2.7 |
| Consensus | 2.8 | 2.5 | -2.8 | -2.6 |
| History | | | | |
| 30 days ago | 2.8 | 2.6 | -2.9 | -2.8 |
| 60 days ago | 2.7 | 2.5 | -1.8 | -1.4 |
| 90 days ago | 2.7 | 2.5 | -2.8 | -2.6 |
| | | | | |









Notes and sources

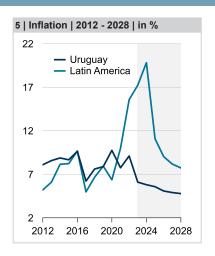
Long-term chart period from 2012 to 2028 unless otherwise stated. The Latin America regional aggregate excludes Venezuela. The Consensus Forecast for Fiscal Balance (% of GDP) contains a range of definitions. All real sector data are from the Central Bank of Uruguay (BCU, *Banco Central de Uruguay*) and Ministry of Economy and Finance (Ministerio de Economía y Finanzas de Uruguay.) See below for details. Forecasts based on LatinFocus Consensus Forecast.

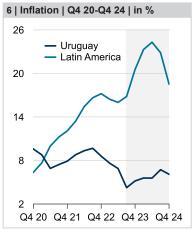
- 1 GDP, annual variation in %. Source: BCU.
- **2** GDP, evolution of 2024 forecasts during the last 12 months.
- 3 GDP, evolution of 2025 forecasts during the last 12 months.
- 4 Balance of non-financial public sector as % of GDP. Source: BCU and Ministry of Economy and Finance.

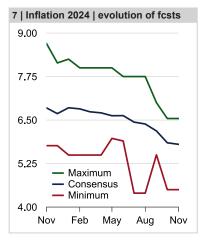
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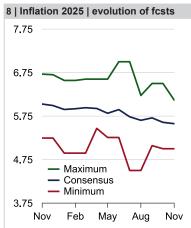
Monetary Sector | Inflation

| Consumer Prices | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| | Consumer Prices variation in %, eop | | Consumer Prices variation in %, aop | |
| Individual Forecasts | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | , aop 2025 |
| Barclays Capital | 6.8 | | | |
| BBVA Argentina | 6.4 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 5.7 |
| Capital Economics | 4.9 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.3 |
| CINVE | 7.1 | - | 6.4 | - |
| Citigroup Global Mkts | 5.5 | - | 6.1 | 5.3 |
| EIU | 6.0 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| Equipos Consultores | 6.2 | 6.0 | - | |
| Euromonitor Int. | - | - | 6.1 | 5.7 |
| Fitch Ratings | - | - | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| Fitch Solutions | 6.0 | 4.7 | 6.5 | 5.3 |
| FrontierView | - | - | 6.4 | 5.6 |
| HSBC | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.3 | - |
| lecon - UdelaR | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Itaú Unibanco | 6.5 | - | - | - |
| JPMorgan | 7.0 | - | 5.2 | - |
| Julius Baer | - | - | 6.5 | - |
| Moody's Analytics | 6.0 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 6.1 |
| Oikos | 6.6 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| Oxford Economics | 5.8 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 6.0 |
| República AFAP | 7.3 | 7.6 | = | - |
| Public Forecasts | | | | |
| IMF | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 5.5 |
| World Bank | = | = | 5.6 | 5.3 |
| Summary | | | | |
| Minimum | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| Maximum | 7.3 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 6.1 |
| Median | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Consensus | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.6 |
| History | | | | |
| 30 days ago | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.6 |
| 60 days ago | 6.3 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 5.7 |
| 90 days ago | 6.4 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 5.7 |









Notes and sources

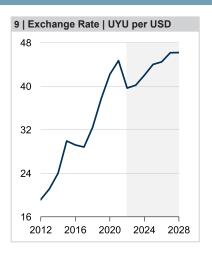
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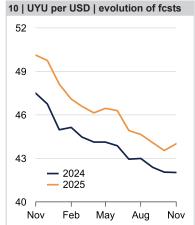
- Inflation, annual variation of consumer price index (CPI) in % (aop).
 Quarterly inflation, annual variation of consumer price index (CPI) in % (aop).
 Inflation, evolution of 2024 forecasts during the last 12 months.
 Inflation, evolution of 2025 forecasts during the last 12 months.

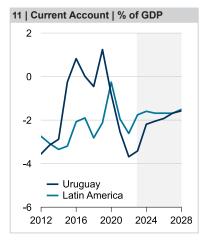
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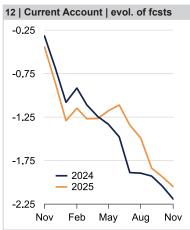
Monetary and External Sector | Exchange Rate and Current Account

| Barclays Capital 45.00 2.3 BBVA Argentina 42.30 44.50 - 2.8 - 2. Capital Economics 47.00 47.00 | Exchange Rate and Current Ac | | Data | Current Asse | |
|---|------------------------------|-------|-------|--------------|------|
| Barclays Capital | | | | | |
| BBVA Argentina 42.30 44.50 -2.8 -2. Capital Economics 47.00 47.00 - CINVE Citigroup Global Mkts 42.00 44.10 -2.9 -2.0 ElU 40.71 43.22 -3.0 -2.9 Equipos Consultores 42.10 44.00 - Euromonitor Int1.0 Fitch Ratings 40.09 41.02 -2.0 -1. Fitch Solutions 41.00 41.55 -1.9 -1. Fitch Solutions 41.00 41.55 -1.9 -1. FrontierView HSBC 38.502.2 lecon - UdelaR 43.50 47.00 - Itaú Unibanco 41.00 - 1.0 JPMorgan Julius Baer Moody's Analytics 42.83 44.41 -2.8 -0.6 Oikos 42.70 46.38 Oxford Economics 39.65 40.91 -2.8 -2.0 República AFAP Public Forecasts IMF 3.3 -2.5 Summary Minimum 38.50 40.91 -3.3 -2.5 Maximum 47.00 47.00 1.0 -0.6 Median 42.05 44.10 -2.4 -2. History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.5 | Individual Forecasts | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 |
| Capital Economics 47.00 47.00 - CINVE - - - Citigroup Global Mkts 42.00 44.10 -2.9 -2.0 EIU 40.71 43.22 -3.0 -2.9 Equipos Consultores 42.10 44.00 - Euromonitor Int. - - -1.0 Fitch Ratings 40.09 41.02 -2.0 -1. Fitch Solutions 41.00 41.55 -1.9 -1. FrontierView - - - - -1. HSBC 38.50 - -2.2 -1. HSBC 38.50 - -2.2 | Barclays Capital | 45.00 | - | -2.3 | - |
| CINVE - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | BBVA Argentina | 42.30 | 44.50 | -2.8 | -2.1 |
| Citigroup Global Mkts | Capital Economics | 47.00 | 47.00 | - | - |
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| lecon - UdelaR | FrontierView | - | - | - | - |
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| República AFAP | Oikos | 42.70 | 46.38 | - | - |
| Public Forecasts IMF - - -3.3 -2.5 World Bank - - -2.5 -2.5 Summary - - -2.5 -2.5 Minimum 38.50 40.91 -3.3 -2.5 Maximum 47.00 47.00 1.0 -0.6 Median 42.05 44.10 -2.4 -2. Consensus 42.03 44.01 -2.2 -2.6 History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | Oxford Economics | 39.65 | 40.91 | -2.8 | -2.6 |
| IMF - - -3.3 -2.5 World Bank - - -2.5 -2.3 Summary Minimum 38.50 40.91 -3.3 -2.9 Maximum 47.00 47.00 1.0 -0.6 Median 42.05 44.10 -2.4 -2. Consensus 42.03 44.01 -2.2 -2.6 History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | República AFAP | - | - | - | - |
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| Summary Minimum 38.50 40.91 -3.3 -2.9 Maximum 47.00 47.00 1.0 -0.6 Median 42.05 44.10 -2.4 -2.7 Consensus 42.03 44.01 -2.2 -2.6 History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | IMF | - | - | -3.3 | -2.9 |
| Minimum 38.50 40.91 -3.3 -2.9 Maximum 47.00 47.00 1.0 -0.6 Median 42.05 44.10 -2.4 -2.7 Consensus 42.03 44.01 -2.2 -2.6 History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | World Bank | - | - | -2.5 | -2.2 |
| Maximum 47.00 47.00 1.0 -0.6 Median 42.05 44.10 -2.4 -2.7 Consensus 42.03 44.01 -2.2 -2.6 History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | Summary | | | | |
| Median 42.05 44.10 -2.4 -2.2 Consensus 42.03 44.01 -2.2 -2.6 History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | Minimum | 38.50 | 40.91 | -3.3 | -2.9 |
| Consensus 42.03 44.01 -2.2 -2.0 History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | Maximum | 47.00 | 47.00 | 1.0 | -0.6 |
| History 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.6 | Median | 42.05 | 44.10 | -2.4 | -2.1 |
| 30 days ago 42.05 43.54 -2.0 -1.9 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | Consensus | 42.03 | 44.01 | -2.2 | -2.0 |
| 60 days ago 42.38 44.08 -1.9 -1.8 | History | | | | |
| . , , , | 30 days ago | 42.05 | 43.54 | -2.0 | -1.9 |
| 90 days ago 43.00 44.65 -1.9 -1.9 | 60 days ago | 42.38 | 44.08 | -1.9 | -1.8 |
| | 90 days ago | 43.00 | 44.65 | -1.9 | -1.5 |









Notes and sources

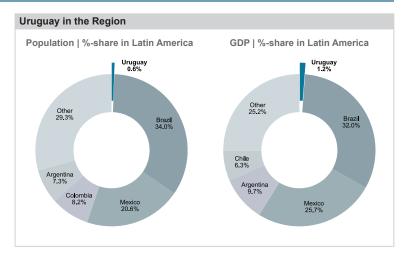
Long-term chart period from 2012 to 2028 unless otherwise stated. The Latin America regional aggregate excludes Venezuela. All monetary and external sector data are from the Central Bank of Uruguay (BCU, *Banco Central de Uruguay*) and Macrobond Financial AB. See below for details. Forecasts based on LatinFocus Consensus Forecast.

- 9 Exchange rate, UYU per USD (eop). Source: Macrobond Financial AB.
- **10** Exchange rate, evolution of 2024 and 2025 forecasts during the last 12 months.
- 11 Current account balance as % of GDP. Source: BCU.
- **12** Current account balance as % of GDP, evolution of 2024 and 2025 forecasts during the last 12 months.

^{*} Forecasts are not a part of the Consensus and are shown for informative purposes only.

Fact Sheet

| General Data | |
|--|--------------------|
| Official name: | Oriental Republic |
| | of Uruguay |
| Capital: | Montevideo (1.7 m) |
| Other cities: | Canelones (0.4 m) |
| | Maldonado (0.1 m) |
| Area (km2): | 176,215 |
| Population (million, 2019 est.): | 3.5 |
| Population density (per km2, 2019): | 20.1 |
| Population growth rate (%, 2019 est.): | 0.3 |
| Life expectancy (years, 2019 est.): | 77.9 |
| Illiteracy rate (%, 2018): | 1.3 |
| Language: | Spanish |
| Measures: | Metric system |
| Time: | GMT-3 |
| | |



Economic Infrastructure

Telecommunication (2018)

| Telephones - main lines (per 100 inhabitants): | 33.4 |
|--|------|
| Telephones - mobile cellular (per 100 inhabit.): | 150 |
| Internet Users (per 100 inhabitants): | 74.8 |
| Broadband Subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants): | 28.3 |

Energy (2017)

| 123 |
|------|
| 220 |
| 13.5 |
| 10.4 |
| 2.0 |
| 49.1 |
| 6.7 |
| |

Transportation (2018)

| Airports: | 133 |
|-----------------|------------|
| Railways (km): | 1,673 |
| Roadways (km): | 77,732 |
| Waterways (km): | 1,600 |
| Chief Ports: | Montevideo |
| | |

Political Data

| President: | Luis Alberto Lacalle Pou |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Last elections: | 24 November 2019 |
| Next elections: | 2024 |
| Central Bank Govenor: | Diego Labat |

| Long-term | Foreign | Currency | Ratings |
|-----------|---------|----------|---------|
|-----------|---------|----------|---------|

| Agency | Rating | Outlook |
|---------------------|--------|----------|
| Moody's: | Baa2 | Positive |
| S&P Global Ratings: | BBB+ | Stable |
| Fitch Ratings: | BBB | Stable |

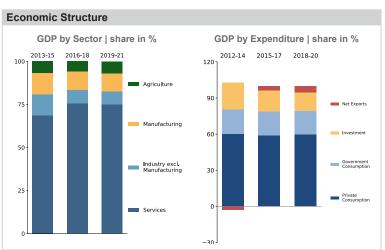
Strengths

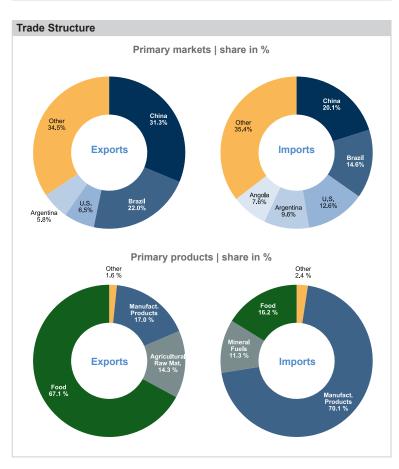
Stable political environment

- Strong public institutions
- Abundant natural resources

Weaknesses

- Highly dollarized economy
- Dependence on neighboring economies
- Small domestic market





Economic Release Calendar

| Date | Country | Event |
|-------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| 6 November | Brazil | October S&P Global Services PMI |
| | Brazil | September Balance of Payments |
| 7 November | Colombia | October Consumer Confidence |
| 8 November | Argentina | September Industrial Production |
| | Chile | October Consumer Prices |
| | Ecuador | October Consumer Prices |
| 9 November | Mexico | Central Bank Meeting |
| | Mexico | October Consumer Prices |
| 10 November | Brazil | October Consumer Prices |
| | Peru | Central Bank Meeting |
| | Peru | September Merchandise Trade |
| | Uruguay | September Manufacturing Production |
| 15 November | Argentina | October Consumer Prices |
| | Colombia | Q3 2023 National Accounts |
| | Colombia | September Economic Activity |
| 16 November | Uruguay | Central Bank Meeting |
| 17 November | Brazil | September Economic Activity |
| | Ecuador | September Economic Activity |
| | Peru | Q3 2023 National Accounts |
| | Peru | September Economic Activity |
| 20 November | Argentina | November Consumer Confidence (E) |
| | Chile | Q3 2023 National Accounts |
| 22 November | Argentina | October Merchandise Trade |
| 23 November | Argentina | September Economic Activity |
| 27 November | Brazil | October Balance of Payments |
| | Mexico | October Merchandise Trade |
| 28 November | Brazil | November Economic Sentiment (E) |
| 1 December | Brazil | November S&P Global Manufacturing PMI |
| | Chile | October Economic Activity |
| | Chile | November Business Confidence (E) |
| | Colombia | November Davivienda Manufacturing PMI |
| | Mexico | November IMEF PMI |
| | Peru | November Consumer Prices |

⁽P) Preliminary estimate. (E) Approximate date.

FOCUSECONOMICS November 2023

Notes and Statements

PUBLICATION NOTE

Consensus forecasts are mean averages of projections of economic forecasters surveyed by FocusEconomics for our monthly publication. Quarterly averages may not correspond to the annual figures due to different forecast panels.

The GDP-weighted averages for the regional aggregates and the world refer to economies surveyed by FocusEconomics on a monthly basis. Weights are based on Consensus Forecasts for nominal GDP (USD billion).

The regional aggregates include the following countries:

Latin America (23 countries): Argentina, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Puerto Rico, Trinidad and Tobago and Uruguay.

Andean Community (4 countries): Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru

Central America and Caribbean (13 countries): Belize, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico and Trinidad and Tobago.

Mercosur (4 countries): Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay.

World: 131 countries, comprising around 98% of global output.

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CENTRAL & EASTERN EUROPE Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Romania, Slovakia and Slovenia

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LATIN AMERICA Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Mexico, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela **CENTRAL AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN** Belize, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico and Trinidad and Tobago

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